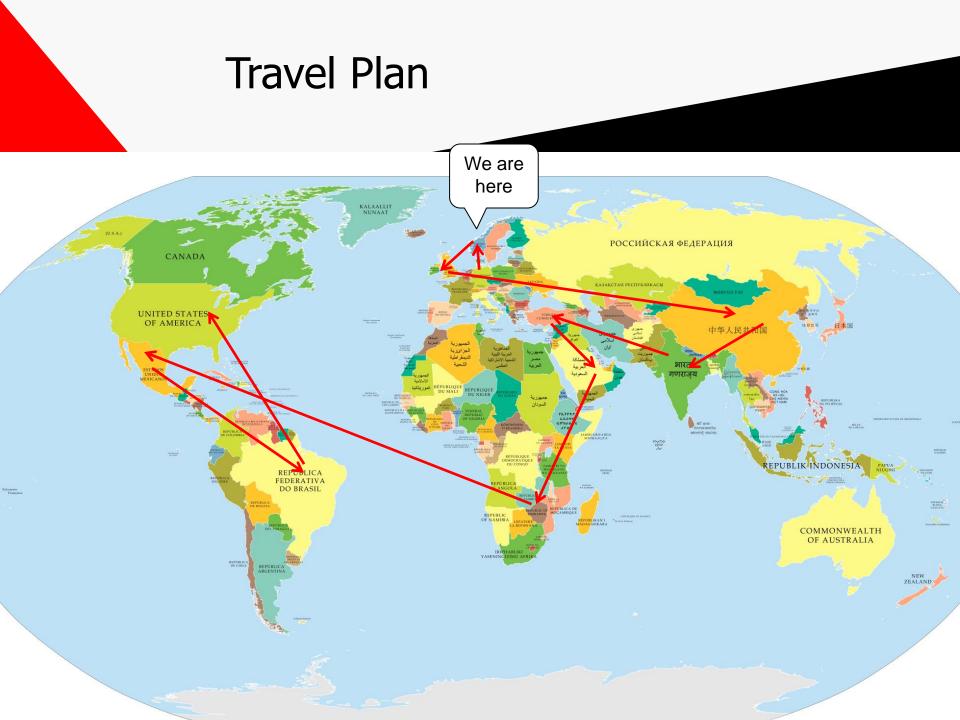
Denmark

Understanding World Cultures Osher course, February 2024

J. N. Hooker





Denmark's location in Europe



Map of Denmark



Rådhuspladsen, København



Nyhavn, København



Odense, hometown of Hans Christian Andersen



Part of Tivoli Gardens, København

Den Gamle By, Århus





Pigs, Århus

Far more pigs than people. Highly efficient industry. No antibiotics.



Seacoast, Jylland



Jylland landscape with wind farm



Sommerhuset



Legoland, Billund

• The state provides cradle-to-grave security.

- The standard of living is high.
- There is no poverty and little conspicuous wealth.



Typical Danish home

• The catch...

- Taxes include 56% income tax plus 25% VAT.
- High license tax on automobiles.
 - 25% of car value up to ~\$10,000
 - 85% up to ~\$30,000
 - 150% above ~\$30,000



First rate cycling infrastructure

- Unemployment benefits are generous.
 - Unemployed move to
 Copenhagen
 - Current rate 2.6%-5.0% (depending on source)



- Danes partly rely on a protective and organized state for a sense of security.
 - Friendship less important.
 - Families weak.
 - Partners often don't marry.
 - Kids in child care, parents in retirement homes.



Day care center, Copenhagen

Denmark does not rely on the engineering approach of the Germans, but:

 Much thought invested in efficient design. Neat and orderly.



- Efficient utilities, transportation, etc.
- A highly rationalized and protective state provides security.



There is a strong sense of equality (low power distance).

- Secretaries get office windows.
- Relatively small salary range.
- Sanitation worker is a prized occupation because of high salary.



People do not abuse the system because:

- There is a sense of enfranchisement; people feel that they are part of the system rather than working for it.
- The extremely homogeneous population shares values.



Happiest people in the world thru 2016 (*World Happiness Report*) Now no. 2, behind Finland

- Danes are uneasy about immigrants.
 - Tourists are welcome, but not foreign residents.
 - Admit refugees in special cases, but constantly talk about the immigrant "problem."



Politics

• The royal family is analogous to the British monarchy.

- The Parliament (*Folketing*) makes the laws.
- English is widely spoken.

Queen Margarethe Abdicated 14 Jan 2024





King Frederik X

- Danes are private and shy around strangers, particularly foreigners.
 - One does not speak to strangers on the street except for utilitarian purposes.
 - It is OK to ask the time of day: *Hvad er klokken?*
 - Do not ask about family or personal matters, illness, etc.

- There is a Celtic/Nordic sense of fun (*sjov*), adventure (*eventyr*), and make believe
 - Amusement parks are popular.
 - Lego toys (from legetøj).
 - *Nisser* (elves).



- The society is monochronic but there is little time pressure.
 - No one hurries.
 - Working hours are short.
 - No one works overtime or takes work home.
 - No salvation through work, as in USA.

Culture is "feminine."

- There is a preference for cooperation rather than competition.
- No hard sells or buzz words.



Århus Handelshøjskolen

- Tendency in "low countries" to isolate undesirable elements of society
 - Dutch: apartheid



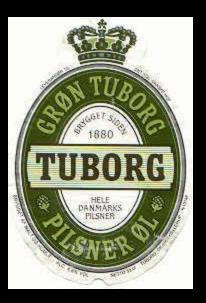
Christiana, København

- There is little crime and violence (but there are biker gangs).
 - Isolated in biker compounds



• Alcoholism is a problem.

• Long, dark winters and secure, orderly environment are boring.



Language is earthy.

- No distinction of polite and vulgar language.
- No trace of Puritanism.
 - Explicit magazines and newspapers, nude beaches, etc.

- Danes are secular (despite a large number of state-supported pastors).
 - Cultural solidarity and patriotism serve some functions of religion.
 - Danes invented the concept of a national flag (*Dannebrog*).



• Bicycles rule the land.

• Danes see themselves as environmentalists



Sports enthusiasts, especially *fodbål* (soccer) participatory, not spectator sports.



- Stress management techniques include:
 - careful design
 - neatness and order
 - protective state
 - homogeneous population
 - avoidance of time pressure
 - fun.

Social life

 Most business entertaining, when it happens, is in restaurants.

- *Skål* means "cheers."
- Friends entertained at home.



Social Life

A visit to a private home is possible.

- Your host will want to show you the entire house.
- Due to their privacy ethic, Danes are nosy.
- Courtesy is not part of the culture.
 - Obedience to rules is.



Some Phrases

- *Godt nok* OK
- Det er deilig (dårlig) That's nice (nasty)
- Tak, tak for det Thanks
- Versåvenlig Please (rarely used)
- Held og lukke Good luck
- *Ikke os'* Right?



Scandinavia

Other Scandinavian Countries

- Similar with respect to protective welfare state, neat and orderly existence, efficient design.
 - Less easygoing and fun-loving than Danes.
 - Sense of superiority.



Norway (Norge)

Norwegian fjord





Bergen

Norway

- Dominant Norwegian language (Bokmål) is very similar to Danish.
 - But don't mention this; it is a sensitive issue.
 - Some Norwegians also speak *Nynorsk*, which is similar to Swedish.



Norwegians can be very reclusive.

Prices are very high, business hours short.



Sweden (Sverige)



Stockholm



- Sweden relies heavily on state regulation
 DUI, idling auto.
 - Also self-regulation: e.g., lax Covid rules
- Highly developed medical establishment.
- Standard setter
 - e.g., Nobel Prizes

Volvo – built for safety



Iceland (Island)



Reykjavik

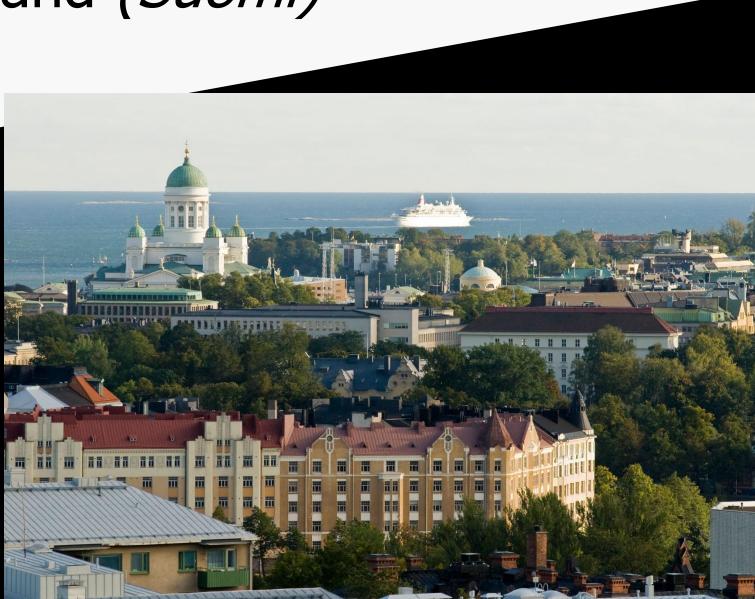
Iceland

• Very insular.

- The language is carefully protected from foreign influence.
- Foreigners instantly spotted.
- Common view: harsh climate evolved a superior breed of people.
- Financial crisis deregulation 2001, overvaluation of krona led to currency bubble.

Finland (Suomi)





Finland

- Admitted to Scandinavian club as a matter of courtesy.
 - Related to Urgic people of Russia and Magyars of Hungary.
 - Language is not Indo-European.
 - Impressive gains in education.
 - World's happiest country

Estonia (Eesti)

Estonia has a culture and language similar to those of Finland.



Talinn

The Sámi

The Sámi are native to the tundra in the northern reaches of Scandinavia and Russia.

- *Tundra* is a Sámi word.
- Sámi reject the designations
 "Lapp" and
 "Lapland."



The Sámi

- Sámi and Scandinavians conflict over land rights, etc.
 - Similar to "first nation" peoples elsewhere.
 - Many Sámi have migrated to urban areas.



Traditional dress